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## KANSAS.

**Communicable Diseases—Notification of Cases—Placarding—Quarantine. (Reg. Bd. of H., Dec. 11, 1913.)**

*Resolved*, That after January 1, 1914, all cases of pertussis or whooping cough, varicella or chicken pox, and epidemic parotitis or mumps, be included in the list of diseases required to be reported by the attending physician.

*Be it further resolved*, That in the belief that in all cases of communicable disease the public is entitled to such notice of same that individuals may be enabled to avoid exposure to infection, all premises, on or in which cases of typhoid fever, infantile paralysis or mumps occur, shall be placarded as are other diseases mentioned in the quarantine law. Any person afflicted with any of these diseases is prohibited from attending school, or other places of public assemblage.

*Be it still further declared*, That three weeks or 21 days shall be held to constitute the minimum limit of quarantine in cases of infantile paralysis, or such longer period as may in the judgment of the health officer be deemed necessary.

## MISSISSIPPI.

**Morbidity Reports. (Reg. Bd. of H., Oct. 30, 1913.)**

SECTION 1. It shall be, and is hereby, the duty of county health officer to secure a report from physicians each month, of the diseases named in section 2, of the rules and regulations of the State board of health governing the morbidity reports, as provided in section 2487, of the Mississippi Code, 1906.

SEC. 2. The State board of health provides that the following diseases shall be notifiable: Asiatic cholera, cancer, chicken pox, diphtheria, dysentery (amebic), epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis, hookworm disease, leprosy, malaria, measles, pellagra, plague, pneumonia, poliomyelitis (acute), rabies, scarlet fever, smallpox, tuberculosis (all forms), typhoid fever, typhus fever, whooping cough, yellow fever.

SEC. 3. Each and every licensed physician practicing in the State of Mississippi, who treats or examines any person suffering from or afflicted with or suspected to be suffering from, or afflicted with any one of the notifiable diseases named in section 2, shall on the first day of the month following, report the number of cases of each disease or suspected disease to the county health officer of the county in which the patient resides or is temporarily located. Such reports shall show the number of cases of each disease by color or race. When a physician has not attended any cases of notifiable diseases during a month, he shall report such fact to the county health officer.

Physicians should be careful to not duplicate the reports of a case. The report which is made on the first day of each month should include only new cases which were attended during the preceding month. A recurrence of a disease should not be reported as a new case. A case which has been reported during one month and is treated through or into a part of the next month should not be again reported. The report should not include the number of cases treated during a month, but the new cases attended by the physician.

SEC. 4. Each and every physician shall report to the county health officer within 24 hours any person suffering from or afflicted with or suspected to be suffering from or afflicted with any of the following diseases: Asiatic cholera, diphtheria, epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis, acute poliomyelitis, smallpox, typhoid fever, and yellow fever. Such cases shall be also included in the monthly report made to the county health officer. In reporting to the county health officer the diseases named in this section, the physician shall furnish the following information:

- (1) The date and hour the report is made.
- (2) The name of the disease or suspected disease.
- (3) The name, age, sex, color, occupation, address, and school attended, or place of employment of patient.
- (4) Number of adults and of children in the household.